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10	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE S	TATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	COUNTY OF LOS	
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13	JOHN WHITBREAD, an individual, on behalf	
14	of himself and on behalf of all others similarly situated,) CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
15 16	Plaintiff,	DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
17	v.) 1. VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL
18	TICKETMASTER ENTERTAINMENT, LLC.,) RIGHTS ACT) (CAL. CIV. CODE § 51, 51.5, 52)
19	LOS ANGELES PHILHARMONIC ASSOCIATION, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, a	
20	charter county, and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	11135 ET SEQ.
21	Defendants.	3. VIOLATION OF THE DISABLED
22		PERSONS ACT (CAL. CIV. CODE. § 54.1)
23		4. VIOLATION OF CAL. BUSINESS
24		AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200 ET
25		SEQ.
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	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DECLA	RATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff John Whitbread ("Plaintiff" or "Mr. Whitbread"), a wheelchair user, brings this action on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, against Defendants

Ticketmaster Entertainment, LLC ("Ticketmaster"), the Los Angeles Philharmonic Association, the County of Los Angeles, and DOES 1-50, (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiff brings this action to enjoin Defendants from continuing their discriminatory practices, so that he and other individuals who use wheelchairs have an equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating through the same manner of online sale and distribution as individuals without disabilities, thereby ensuring that Plaintiff and other disabled individuals have full and equal enjoyment of the goods and services offered by Ticketmaster, including Ticketmaster retail outlets at venues owned and operated by Los Angeles County including the Hollywood Bowl, the Disney Concert Hall, and other venues. By bringing this action for injunctive and declaratory relief, Plaintiff seeks justice for himself and other disabled patrons of Ticketmaster events at venues owned and operated by Los Angeles County by requiring Ticketmaster and Los Angeles County to comply with Federal and California law requiring equal access for individuals with physical disabilities.

NATURE OF ACTION

- 1. This action arises out of the discriminatory practices by Defendants in violation of the laws of the State of California, designed to protect individuals with physical disabilities.
- 2. Los Angeles County owns and operates several entertainment venues that are public accommodations including the Hollywood Bowl and the Walt Disney Hall, among others.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and alleges thereon that Los Angeles County ("County") has a contractual agreement with Ticketmaster to sell tickets to the public online and through Ticketmaster retail outlets and a contractual agreement with the Los Angeles Philharmonic Association to operate the Hollywood Bowl and Disney Concert Hall, among others.

- 4. Defendants' discriminatory practices include, inter alia: 1) The denial of access to the same methods of ticket purchases to individuals on account of their disability specifically, wheelchair users often cannot purchase wheelchair accessible tickets directly online through Ticketmaster's website however, individuals who purchase non-accessible seats enjoy the amenity of purchasing tickets directly online; and 2) The refusal to make reasonable modifications in Ticketmaster's policies, practices, or procedures to allow such direct online ticket purchase, when such modifications are necessary to afford equal access of Ticketmaster's goods and services to individuals with disabilities, and to comply with the law.
- 5. Instead, Los Angeles County, acting by and through its contract with Ticketmaster, requires Plaintiff and similarly situated individuals who want to purchase event tickets to engage in an uncertain process of sending an email to a customer service representative and waiting for a telephonic response which is often delayed. Not only is such a process burdensome, but also it puts Plaintiff and individuals with disabilities at a disadvantage in purchasing tickets for events that are popular and may sell out in minutes.
- 6. As a result of these discriminatory practices, Plaintiff and other similarly situated individuals are not provided the same opportunity to purchase tickets as other individuals who are not disabled, and are thereby denied the full use and enjoyment of Defendants' services and access to venues which are places of public accommodation.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. Defendant Los Angeles County is a charter county and public entity controlled by a five person Board of Supervisors, whose headquarters is located within Los Angeles County.
- 8. Venue is proper in Los Angeles County pursuant to California Civil Code § 395.5 because Defendant Ticketmaster and the Los Angeles Philharmonic have headquarters within the County of Los Angeles. The unlawful actions challenged herein occurred in Los Angeles County.

1		THE PARTIES
2	9.	Plaintiff John Whitbread is an individual who, at all relevant times herein
3	mentioned:	
4		a. Was a resident of the County of Los Angeles, State of California;
5		b. Had a physical disability, as that term is defined in 42 U.S.C. § 12102
6		and Cal. Gov. Code § 12926, which substantially limits major life
7		activities, namely his mobility. Plaintiff uses a wheelchair;
8		c. Attempted to utilize the website of Ticketmaster – a service provided by
9		Ticketmaster and its physical retail stores, to purchase concert tickets
10		directly online for an event at the Hollywood Bowl;
11		d. Suffered discrimination by the Defendants and their employees when
12		Defendants denied Mr. Whitbread the full and equal enjoyment of a
13		service (Ticketmaster.com) to purchase a ticket for an event at a place of
14		public accommodation owned and operated by Los Angeles County, i.e.
15		the Hollywood Bowl;
16		e. Is a ticket purchaser who wishes to purchase tickets directly online for
17		future events from Defendants; and
18		f. Is a member of the Plaintiff Class alleged in Paragraph 20 below.
19	10.	Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 382, Plaintiff brings this action
20	on his own be	chalf and on behalf of all members of the class defined in Paragraph 20 below.
21	11.	Defendant Ticketmaster is a private entity organized and operating as a limited
22	liability corpo	oration under the laws of the State of Delaware, which at all relevant times herein
23	mentioned:	
24		a. Maintained its headquarters in Beverly Hills, California;
25		b. Owns and operates a business, sales and service establishment;
26		c. Provides, inter alia, ticket sales and ticket resale services through its
27		physical retail outlets, worldwide call centers, and its website,
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1			www.ticketmaster.com, which is a service provided by Ticketmaster and
2			its retail outlets; and
3		d.	Discriminated against Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as defined in
4			Paragraph 20, below, by denying Mr. Whitbread the full and equal
5			enjoyment of a service (Ticketmaster.com) of a place of public
6			accommodation (Ticketmaster) by failing to provide Plaintiff and the
7			Plaintiff Class with the same direct online ticket purchase options for
8			wheelchair accessible seating as provided to individuals purchasing
9			conventional seats.
10	12.	Defer	ndant Los Angeles County is a public entity, which at all times herein
11	mentioned:		
12		a.	Has its headquarters within the City of Los Angeles in Los Angeles
13			County;
14		b.	Owns and operates entertainment venues that are open to members of the
15			public who purchase tickets including the Hollywood Bowl and Walt
16			Disney Hall, among others;
17		c.	Has an exclusive contract with Ticketmaster for the sale of tickets to the
18			public, including wheelchair accessible seating for the Hollywood Bowl
19			and Walt Disney Hall, among other venues;
20		d.	Discriminated against Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as defined in
21			Paragraph 20, below, by failing to provide the same direct online ticket
22			purchase options for wheelchair accessible seating as provided to
23			individuals purchasing conventional seats at venues owned by Los
24			Angeles County and others;
25		e.	Is a recipient of public funds from the State of California. As a political
26			entity the County is responsible for providing access to its programs,
27			services, activities and facilities to persons with disabilities; and
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- f. Owns and/or operates multiple business establishments, including but not limited to entertainment venues within the meaning of Cal. Civ. Code § 51 *et seq*. Patrons are charged an admission fee and must purchase tickets either at the facility box office or through Defendant Ticketmaster. The venue itself and the ticket purchasing process constitute "accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services," within the meaning of Cal. Civ. Code § 51 *et seq*.
- 13. Defendant Los Angeles Philharmonic Association is a California corporation and private entity, which at all relevant times herein mentioned:
 - a. Maintained its headquarters in Los Angeles, California;
 - b. Operates entertainment venues that are open to members of the public who purchase tickets, including the Hollywood Bowl and the Walt Disney Concert Hall, among others; and
 - c. Discriminated against Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as defined in Paragraph 20, below, by denying Mr. Whitbread the full and equal enjoyment of public accommodations by failing to provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with the same direct online ticket purchase options for wheelchair accessible seating as provided to individuals purchasing conventional seats.
- 14. The Defendants whose identities are unknown are sued herein under the names DOES 1-50 ("DOES"). Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that all of the Defendants, including the DOES, are in some manner responsible for the injuries herein alleged. Plaintiff sues the DOES in their individual and official capacities. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint to allege the true names and capacities of DOES 1-50, inclusive, when they are ascertained.
- 15. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that each of the Defendants named in this Complaint, including DOES 1-50, inclusive,

are responsible in some manner for one or more of the events and happenings that proximately caused the injuries hereinafter alleged.

- 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that each Defendant named in this Complaint, including DOES 1-50, inclusive, knowingly and willfully acted in concert to damage Plaintiff and to otherwise consciously and/or recklessly act in derogation of Plaintiff's rights, and the trust reposed by Plaintiff in each of said Defendants, said acts being negligently and/or intentionally inflicted.
- 17. Defendants' concerted actions were such that, to the information and belief of Plaintiff, and to all appearances, Defendants and each of them, represented a unified body so that the actions of one Defendant were accomplished in concert with, and with knowledge, ratification, authorization and approval of each of the other Defendants.
- 18. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that each of the Defendants named in this Complaint, including DOES 1-50, inclusive, is, and at all times mentioned herein was, the agent, servant and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and that each Defendant was acting within the course and scope of his, her, or its authority as the agent, servant and/or employee of each of the other Defendants.
- Consequently, all of the Defendants are liable for the injuries caused to Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as defined in Paragraph 20 below.
- 19. At all times set forth herein, the acts and omissions of each Defendant caused, led and/or contributed to the various acts and omissions of each and all of the other Defendants, legally causing the injuries as set forth.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated as a class action. The class that Plaintiff seeks to represent (herein referred to as "Plaintiff Class") is defined as follows:

Any person with a disability, as that term is defined in Cal. Gov. Code § 12926, who purchased, attempted to purchase, or will attempt to purchase a wheelchair

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accessible ticket through Ticketmaster's website for an event at a venue owned by Los Angeles County, but who was denied the full and equal enjoyment of, and access to tickets to the event and Ticketmaster's goods and services due to the mutual failure of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles Philharmonic Association, and Ticketmaster, and DOES 1-50 to provide the same direct online ticket purchase options to individuals who require accessible seating, as is provided to individuals purchasing conventional seating.

MAINTENANCE OF THE ACTION

21. Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of himself and as representative of all similarly situated persons, pursuant to the provisions of California Code of Civil Procedure §382. The class is comprised of persons with disabilities whose number is not subject to precise calculation but is estimated to be in the thousands of persons, within Los Angeles County and the surrounding counties such as Orange County and Riverside County.

Class Action Requisites

- 22. At all material times, Plaintiff was and is a member of the Plaintiff Class described in Paragraph 20.
- 23. This Class Action meets the statutory prerequisites for the maintenance of a Class Action in that:
 - a. The persons who comprise the Plaintiff Class are so numerous that the
 joinder of all such persons is impracticable and the disposition of their
 claims as a class will benefit the parties and the Court;
 - b. Nearly all factual, legal, statutory, declaratory and injunctive relief issues that are raised in this Complaint are common to the Plaintiff Class and will apply uniformly to every member of the Plaintiff Class;
 - c. The named Plaintiff's claim for declaratory and injunctive relief is typical of the claims of the class. Plaintiff and the members of the

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Plaintiff Class were and are similarly or identically harmed by the same unlawful, deceptive, unfair, and pervasive pattern of misconduct engaged in by the Defendants;

- d. The representative Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Plaintiff Class, and has retained counsel who is competent and experienced in class action litigation. There are no material conflicts between the claims of the representative Plaintiff and the members of the Plaintiff Class that would make class certification inappropriate;
- e. Counsel for the Plaintiff Class will vigorously assert the claims of all members of the Plaintiff Class; and
- f. Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class.
- 24. In addition to meeting the statutory prerequisites to a Class Action, this action is properly maintained as a Class Action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 in that:
 - a. The parties opposing the Plaintiff Class have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Plaintiff Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Plaintiff Class as a whole.
 - 25. Among the questions of law and fact common to the class are:
 - a. Whether Defendants refused to modify their policies and practices to
 ensure that disabled individuals have an equal opportunity to purchase
 tickets for accessible seating through the same methods of distribution as
 individuals without disabilities;
 - b. Whether Defendants discriminate against disabled individuals, by creating or permitting barriers preventing them from purchasing tickets

1		online in a manner comparable to that afforded to individuals without
2		disabilities;
3	c.	Whether Defendants have violated the Unruh Act by denying Plaintiff
4		and the Plaintiff Class full and equal accommodations, advantages,
5		facilities, privileges, or services offered by Defendants by failing to
6		provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with the same direct online ticket
7		purchasing options for wheelchair accessible seating through Defendant
8		Ticketmaster's website, as provided to individuals purchasing
9		conventional, non-accessible seats;
10	d.	Whether Defendants have violated California Government Code §11135
11		by denying Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class full and equal
12		accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services offered by
13		Defendants by refusing to provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with
14		the same direct online ticket purchase options for wheelchair accessible
15		seating through Defendant Ticketmaster's website, as provided to
16		individuals purchasing conventional, non-accessible seats;
17	e.	Whether Defendants have violated California Business and Professions
18		Code § 17200 by discriminating against disabled ticket purchasers by
19		denying Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class full and equal accommodations,
20		advantages, facilities, privileges, or services offered by Defendants by
21		refusing to provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with the same direct
22		online ticket purchasing options for wheelchair accessible seating
23		through Defendant Ticketmaster's website, as provided to individuals
24		purchasing conventional, non-accessible seats; and
25	f.	Whether Defendants have violated the California Disabled Persons Act
26		by denying Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class full and equal
27		accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services offered by
28		Defendants by failing to provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with the

same direct online ticket purchasing options for wheelchair accessible seating through Defendant Ticketmaster's website, as provided to individuals purchasing conventional, non-accessible seats.

26. As to the issues raised in this case, a class action is superior to all other methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since joinder of all class members is impracticable and since many legal and factual questions to be adjudicated apply uniformly to all class members.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

- 27. Defendant Ticketmaster is a private entity which owns and operates a business establishment, sales and services establishment, which provides, inter alia, ticket sales and ticket resale services through its physical retail outlets, worldwide call centers and its website, www.ticketmaster.com. Ticketmaster's website is a service provided by Ticketmaster. Ticketmaster sells tickets for the Hollywood Bowl, among other venues owned by Los Angeles County.
- 28. Defendant Los Angeles Philharmonic Association is a private entity that operates a business establishment, sales and services establishment, which, inter alia, sells tickets for entertainment venues owned, operated, or funded, in whole or part, by Los Angeles County.
- 29. Plaintiff John Whitbread ("Mr. Whitbread") is a disabled individual who has used a wheelchair for the past 27 years, and thus is limited in his mobility.
- 30. On September 22, 2011, Mr. Whitbread attempted to purchase one wheelchair accessible seat and one companion seat for the October 11, 2011, Journey, Foreigner, and Night Ranger concert at the Hollywood Bowl from Defendant Ticketmaster's website.
- 31. As a past patron of the Hollywood Bowl, Mr. Whitbread knew exactly which seats he wished to purchase. However, when Mr. Whitbread logged onto Defendant Ticketmaster's website, he was not able to purchase the tickets directly online. Instead, he was directed to provide his contact information, including his telephone number and email address,

as well as any message he wished to send. Mr. Whitbread provided all the requested information and wrote, "I would like the seats available called ramp seats right up front."

- 32. Shortly after Mr. Whitbread submitted his request, he received an auto-response email from Defendant Ticketmaster stating, "A Fan Support rep should get back to you within an hour to help you with your ticket request (sometimes we get a lot of emails simultaneously, which could cause a slight delay)."
- 33. Nine minutes later, Defendant Ticketmaster sent Mr. Whitbread a second email stating, "Thank you for your request for accessible seats. We're looking for seats that meet your needs and we'll get back to you as ASAP." Mr. Whitbread waited patiently for a return telephone call in anticipation of being able to purchase tickets for the concert.
- 34. However, that telephone call never came. Instead, one hour and twenty minutes after his attempt to purchase tickets on-line, Defendant Ticketmaster sent Mr. Whitbread a third email stating, "To help you find the seats you've requested for Journey with special guests Foreigner and Night Ranger, we have to ask you to make a phone call. We're sorry for the extra step, but the venue's box office staff is now selling all accessible seats for this event. Please call the box office at 323-850-2125 and they will assist you."
- 35. Yet, when Mr. Whitbread called the box office as directed, nobody was ready to assist him or sell him tickets. Instead, he was met with an automated voice mail requesting that he leave a message. Frustrated by the delay and unnecessary, burdensome barriers to purchase a ticket, Mr. Whitbread gave up in frustration, and did not attend the concert.
- 36. As a member of the Plaintiff Class, Mr. Whitbread suffered discrimination by Defendants which is typical of that suffered by other members of the Plaintiff Class. Specifically, Defendants Ticketmaster, the County of Los Angeles, and the Los Angeles Philharmonic denied Mr. Whitbread the equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating through the same methods of distribution directly online through Ticketmaster's website as afforded to non-disabled individuals. This is particularly unfair because high demand events often sell out before the Ticketmaster system responds to a request for wheelchair accessible seating.

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37. Due to the inaction of Defendants in failing and refusing to make reasonable modifications to ticket sale practices for tickets at Los Angeles County owned venues to ensure that wheelchair users have an equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating, Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class are being denied equal access to the County owned venues, as well as to Ticketmaster retail outlets, as well as full and equal enjoyment of Ticketmaster's numerous goods, services and benefits offered to the public through Ticketmaster.com.

I.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT

[Cal. Civ. Code §§ 51, 51.5 and 52]

(Against All Defendants)

- 38. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class re-allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 37 of this Complaint.
- 39. This claim is brought by the Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the Plaintiff Class.
- 40. Section 51 of the California Civil Code (the "Unruh Act") provides that all persons in California are free and equal no matter their sex, race color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability or medical condition, and are entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever.
- 41. Section 51.5 of the California Civil Code provides, in relevant part, that no business establishment of any kind whatsoever shall discriminate against, boycott or blacklist, or refuse to buy from, contract with, sell to, or trade with any person on account of their disability, among other protected groups.
- 42. Section 52 of the California Civil Code provides that whoever denies, aids or incites a denial, or makes any discrimination or distinction contrary to section 51 is liable for each and every offense.

- 43. Section 51(f) of the California Civil Code provides that any violation of the right of any individual under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 shall also be considered a violation of the Unruh Act.
- 44. Defendants' treatment of Plaintiff and members of the Plaintiff Class has denied such members full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, and services with respect to Defendants' business establishment on the basis of disability in violation of Plaintiff and Class Plaintiffs' rights under the Unruh Act.
- 45. Defendants operate a business establishment within the jurisdiction of the State of California and, as such, are obligated to comply with the provisions of the Unruh Act.
- 46. The Unruh Act guarantees, inter alia, that persons with physical disabilities are entitled to full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever within the jurisdiction of the State of California regardless of their disability. Section 51.5 specifically prohibits business establishments from discriminating against or refusing to do business with individuals with disabilities.
- 47. Defendants have violated the Unruh Act by, inter alia, denying Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services offered by Defendants by failing to provide Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class with the same direct ticket purchase options for wheelchair accessible seating through Defendant Ticketmaster's website, as provided to individuals purchasing conventional, non-accessible seats.
- 48. In committing the acts as alleged in this Complaint, Defendants have willfully violated the Unruh Act by failing to operate its services on a non-discriminatory basis; failing to ensure that persons with disabilities have nondiscriminatory access to public accommodations; and refusing to provide specific rights guaranteed by the ADA and the Federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof.
- 49. Unless Defendants are restrained by a preliminary and permanent mandatory injunction, Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, and other members of the general public who are identified as disabled, will continue to suffer irreparable harm by Defendants' discriminatory

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practices. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class have no adequate remedy at law because monetary damages, which may compensate for past unlawful conduct, will not afford adequate relief for the harm caused by the continuation of the wrongful conduct of Defendants and the denial of rights protected by California Civil Code § 51.

50. The violation by Defendants of the rights of Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as protected by the Unruh Act, entitle Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class to receive attorneys' fees, and declaratory and injunctive relief, all of which are provided for in California Civil Code § 52 and are prayed for below.

II.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF

[Cal. Gov. Code § 11135]

(Against Defendants Los Angeles County, and DOES 1-50 inclusive)

- 51. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class re-allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 50 of this Complaint.
 - 52. California Government Code § 11135 provides in pertinent part:
 - (a) No person in the State of California shall, on the basis of race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, color, or disability, be unlawfully denied full and equal access to the benefits of, or be unlawfully subjected to discrimination under, any program or activity that is conducted, operated, or administered by the state or by any state agency, is funded directly by the state, or receives any financial assistance from the state.
 - (b) With respect to discrimination on the basis of disability, programs and activities subject to subdivision (a) shall meet the protections and prohibitions contained in Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof, except that if the laws of this state prescribe stronger protections and prohibitions, the programs and

activities subject to subdivision (a) shall be subject to the stronger protections and prohibitions.

- (c) (1) As used in this section, "disability" means any mental or physical disability as defined in § 12926.
- 53. The ADA provides that "no individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of public accommodation." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).
- 54. Under the ADA, it is "discriminatory to afford an individual or class of individuals, on the basis of a disability or disabilities of such individual or class, directly, or through contractual, licensing, or other arrangements with the opportunity to participate in or benefit from a good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or accommodation that is not equal to that afforded to other individuals." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(1)(A)(ii).
- 55. Further, under the ADA, it is discriminatory to fail "to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages or accommodations to individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that making such modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages or accommodations." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).
- 56. Specifically, pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 36.302(f)(ii), "A public accommodation that sells tickets for a single event or series of events shall modify its policies, practices, or procedures to ensure that individuals with disabilities have an equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating through the same methods of distribution [as other patrons]." ADA 2010 Revised Requirements, state, in relevant part, "Venues are required to sell tickets for accessible seats in the same manner and under the same conditions as all other ticket sales. ...When a venue provides tickets to a third-party ticket vendor, including Internet-based vendors, the venue must include comparable tickets for accessible seats. Once third-party

ticket vendors acquire tickets for accessible seats, they are obligated to sell them in accordance with the Department's ADA requirements."

- 57. Defendant Ticketmaster is a place of public accommodation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12181(7)(E) and (F). Ticketmaster is a sales and services establishment and Ticketmaster.com is a service provided by Ticketmaster and its physical retail outlets.
- 58. Defendant Los Angeles County has violated Title II of the ADA and therefore, California Government Code § 11135 by and through its contract with Defendant Ticketmaster and the Los Angeles Philharmonic by failing to sell tickets to individuals with a disability in a manner that is equal to that afforded to individuals without disabilities for tickets to events at venues owned and operated by Los Angeles County. Defendant Los Angeles County has further violated Title II of the ADA and therefore California Government Code § 11135 by failing to make reasonable modifications to its policies, practices, or procedures to ensure that individuals with disabilities are afforded an equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating through the same manner of distribution directly online through Defendant Ticketmaster's website as individuals without disabilities for tickets to events at venues owned and operated by Los Angeles County.
- 59. By failing to permit Plaintiff and members of the Plaintiff Class to obtain tickets through equivalent methods of distribution, Defendants discriminated against Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class in violation of the ADA.
- 60. Unless Defendants are restrained by a preliminary and permanent mandatory injunction, Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, and other members of the general public who are identified as disabled, will continue to suffer irreparable harm by Defendants' discriminatory practices. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class have no adequate remedy at law because monetary damages, which may compensate for past unlawful conduct, will not afford adequate relief for the harm caused by the continuation of the wrongful conduct of Defendants and the denial of rights protected by this Act.
- 61. The violation by Defendants of the rights of Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class, as protected by the Americans with Disabilities Act, entitle Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class to

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receive attorneys' fees, and declaratory and injunctive relief, all of which are provided for are prayed for below.

III.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §§ 54.1, 54.3, and 55

(Against Defendants Ticketmaster Entertainment LLC, Los Angeles Philharmonic, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 62. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class re-allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 61 of this Complaint.
- 63. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 54.1(a)(1), "Individuals with disabilities shall be entitled to full and equal access, as other members of the general public, to accommodations, advantages, facilities, medical facilities, including hospitals, clinics, and physicians' offices, and privileges of all common carriers, airplanes, motor vehicles, railroad trains, motor buses, streetcars, boats, or any other public conveyances or modes of transportation (whether private, public, franchised, licensed, contracted, or otherwise provided), telephone facilities, adoption agencies, private schools, hotels, lodging places, places of public accommodation, amusement, or resort, and other places to which the general public is invited, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law, or state or federal regulation, and applicable alike to all persons."
- 64. Moreover, pursuant to California Civil Code § 54.1(d), "A violation of the right of an individual under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) also constitutes a violation of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the access of any person in violation of that act."
- 65. Defendants' have violated the rights of Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class under California Civil Code § 54.1 by denying full and equal access to Defendant Ticketmaster, a place of public accommodation, as well as denying access to public accommodations, and by violating the rights of Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class as alleged in the First, Second and Third Causes of Action.

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66. As a result of Defendants' violation of the rights of Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class as protected by the California Public Accommodations Law, Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class are entitled to injunctive relief and attorneys' fees as provided in Cal. Civ. Code §§ 54.3 and 55.

IV.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

UNFAIR COMPETITION – VIOLATION OF

BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200, et seq.

(Against Defendants Ticketmaster Entertainment LLC, Los Angeles Philharmonic, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 67. Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class re-allege and incorporate by reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 66 of this Complaint.
- 68. Defendants' violations of the California and Federal Civil Rights Laws and Regulations, as alleged herein, include: (1) Defendants' failure to sell tickets to individuals with a disability in a manner that is equal or comparable to that afforded to individuals without disabilities; (2) Defendants' failure to make reasonable modifications to its policies, practices, or procedures to ensure that individuals with disabilities have an equal opportunity to purchase tickets for accessible seating through the same manner of distribution directly online through Defendant Ticketmaster's website as individuals without disabilities; and (3) Defendants' failure to provide full and equal access to places of public accommodation. The aforementioned violations constitute unfair business practices in violation of the Unfair Competition Law, California Business & Professions Code Section 17200, et seq.
- 69. As a direct result of Defendants' unfair business practices, Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class have suffered discrimination and injury, as Defendants have denied them the equal opportunity to purchase tickets directly online for accessible seating for events sold through Ticketmaster's website, thereby denying Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class the opportunity to attend such events.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Plaintiff John Whitbread hereby demands a trial by jury on all claims. Dated: July 25, 2012 SCHONBRUN DESIMONE SEPLOW HARRIS HOFFMAN & HARRISON, LLP EUGENE FELDMAN ATTORNEY AT LAW, APC V. James DeSimone Michael D. Seplow Eugene Feldman Attorneys for Plaintiff JOHN WHITBREAD